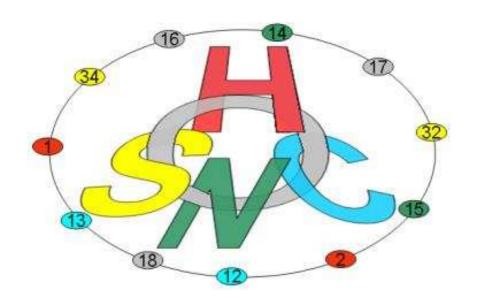




The 1st Isotope Ratio MS DAY



May 9-11, 2016
Fondazione Edmund Mach

S. Michele all'Adige (Trento, Italy)

BOOK OF ABSTRACTS

PROCEEDINGS OF THE 1st ISOTOPE RATIO MS DAY

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P18 - Stable isotope ratio analysis for authentication of red yeast rice

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Red Yeast Rice is a non-prescription dietary supplement used in traditional Chinese medicine and obtained from rice fermented with the yeast *Monascus purpureus* (*Aspergillaceae* family). Depending on the fermentation conditions, the products may contain monacolins, pigments and citrinin as secondary metabolites. The pharmacological compound Monacolin K is a naturally occurring hypocholesterolemic statin used to prevent cardiovascular diseases. The homologous prescription biosynthetic statin, lovastatin, cultured with *Aspergillus terreus* under patented and carefully controlled conditions, is not distinguishable from monacolin K. There is therefore a suspicion that RYR products are spiked with lovastatin, without declaration.

As reported by different authors the application of Stable Isotope Ratio Analysis represents a fast and simple tool to control whether or not a sample is of natural origin. We therefore collected around 10 samples of red yeast rice powder, and 10 samples of synthetic lovastatin. Monacolin K wa isolated from rice by preparative HPLC and together with lovastin, was subjected to the analysis of the isotopic ratio of C using an Isotope Ratio Mass Spectrometry interfaced with an Elemental Analyser. We found that the ¹³C/¹²C is able to clearly distinguish lovastatin (-17.3‰) from monocolin K (-29.8‰). In order to have an overall picture of the market we also investigated the authenticity of 20 samples of commercial products containing Red Yeast Rice.