6th Rosaceous Genomics Conference Mezzocorona, Italy – 30th September -04th October 2012

A draft genome sequence of European pear (Pyrus communis L. 'Bartlett')

<u>Susan E. Gardiner</u>², Ross N Crowhurst¹, Massimo Pindo³, Amali Thrimawithana¹, Roy Storey¹, Cecilia Deng¹, Helge Dzierzon², Mark Fiers⁴, Ashley Lu⁴, Sara Montanari³, Mareike Knaebel², Munazza Saeed², Yoon Kyeong Kim⁵, Hilary Ireland¹, Andrew C Allan¹, Robert Schaffer¹, Alessandro Cestaro³, Lester Brewer6, Riccardo Velasco³, David Chagné²

- (1) The New Zealand Institute for Plant & Food Research Limited (Plant & Food Research), Mount Albert Research Centre, Auckland, New Zealand
- (2) Plant & Food Research, Palmerston North Research Centre, Palmerston North, New Zealand
- (3) Istituto Agrarie San Michele all'Adige (IASMA) Research and Innovation Centre, Foundation Edmund Mach, San Michele all'Adige, Trento, Italy
- ⁽⁵⁾ National Institute of Horticultural and Herbal Science (NIHHS), Suwon, Republic of Korea
- (6) Plant & Food Research, Motueka Research Centre, Motueka, New Zealand -Eau, 15 rue Lainé-Laroche, 49000 Angers, France; abonyi@bieau.fr

We have sequenced the genome of European pear, *Pyrus communis* cultivar 'Bartlett'/William Bon Chrétien' using second generation sequencing technology (Roche 454) A draft assembly was produced from single end reads, 2 kb, and 8 kb insert paired end reads using Newbler (version 2.7). The assembly contained 142,083 scaffolds greater than 499 bases (maximum scaffold length of 1.29Mb) covering a total of 577.3 Mb, representing 96.1% of the expected 600 Mb *Pyrus* genome. Preliminary analysis indicated that 549 SNP markers anchored 105 Mb (17.5%) of the assembled genome to a consensus genetic map of 'Old Home' x 'Louise de Bonne Jersey' and P019R054T042 x P037R048T081 segregating populations. Synteny with the apple genome primary assembly of 'Golden Delicious', and other rosaceous genomes is being used to extend putative anchoring. Gene prediction was performed and the use of the gene family of expansins will be reported as an example of assessment of the quality of the gene prediction. This 'Bartlett' genome sequence is a unique tool for identifying the genetic control of key horticultural traits and developing better pear cultivars, enabling wide application of marker-assisted (MAS) and genomic selection (GS).