Monitoring forests in remote areas by IoT based measuring systems: the RemoTrees project

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Objective

To design, develop and test an innovative in-situ observation system based on Internet of Things (IoT) technology and satellite communication, suited for hard-to-reach forest areas.



Background

Forests play a key role in the Earth climate system, contributing to **mitigate global warming** and **stocking** large reservoirs of **organic carbon**, while **climate change threatens their mitigation potential**. The extent and severity of this impact are unknown due to the **lack of a comprehensive monitoring site network**, from which hard-to-reach areas, characterized by strong logistic limitations and often associated challenging climatic conditions, are largely excluded.

The RemoTrees project (Dec. 2023 - Nov. 2027) addresses the lack of in-situ data, **specifically from remote forests**, proposing novel technological solutions to complement Earth Observation efforts to monitor climate change effects on forest ecosystems globally.

System Design and Development

The RemoTrees system design pillars are:

Comprehensive Forest Environment Monitoring: IoT-based system

Forest sites network and field testing

RemoTrees device prototypes will be tested under field conditions at a number of preselected forest sites, categorized into:

- measuring 4 Essential Climate Variables (fAPAR, LAI, soil moisture, aboveground biomass change) and other key eco-physiological and physical variables.
- User-Friendliness and Low Maintenance: easy installation, low maintenance with 6+ months of standalone operation and satellite communication for remote data collection on a web server.
- Extreme Resistance: waterproof (IP65+) and resistant to harsh environmental conditions.
- Cost-Efficiency: aiming at significantly lower market price compared to alternatives.

The RemoTrees sensor devices will be fully characterized and calibrated before the deployment in the field. Prototyping envisage an *alpha* (lab level), *beta* (L1 sites) and *gamma* (L2 sites) prototypes before the final system version.



Diagram of RemoTrees device multi-sensor capabilities



- Level 1- easier to reach and with good infrastructure. At Level 1 sites, data collected from *beta* prototype devices will be quality assessed against a benchmark based on available high-end instrumentation.
- Level 2- hard-to-reach, located in boreal/high altitude, dry and wet tropical zones. Data from these sites will undergo a final scrutiny for system performance and calibration stability.



Geographic distribution of RemoTrees field test sites (above). A device installed on a tree stem and field set-up schematic showing devices deployment in a forest plot (below)



Data gateway Spectrometer only Spectrometer + soil variables Spectrometer + tree variables







Data platform

A database resource, compliant to **FAIR principles**, will be designed and implemented to accomodate the data produced by the RemoTrees devices, considering also the **interoperability** and synchronization between in-situ and remote sensing systems according to **GEOSS requirements**. Data time series will be processed and **quality chec**ked and will be accessible through a specifically designed API.

Integration with Copernicus

The **interoperability** within the whole Remotrees data platform will be pursued by **interfacing** it with **Copernicus Services** and **international validation programs**, in particular with the in-situ component and the Copernicus Land GBOV (Ground Based Observation for Validation).

Case studies

Case studies on forest ecosystem services and trees eco-physiological responses to climate, building on data produced by the RemoTrees systems and satellite products, will be developed to assess climate change impacts on forests. We will investigate the pathways of trees health parameters which ultimately lead to their death under the pressure of extreme climatic events, as well as their recovery, to improve our understanding of trees resilience.







